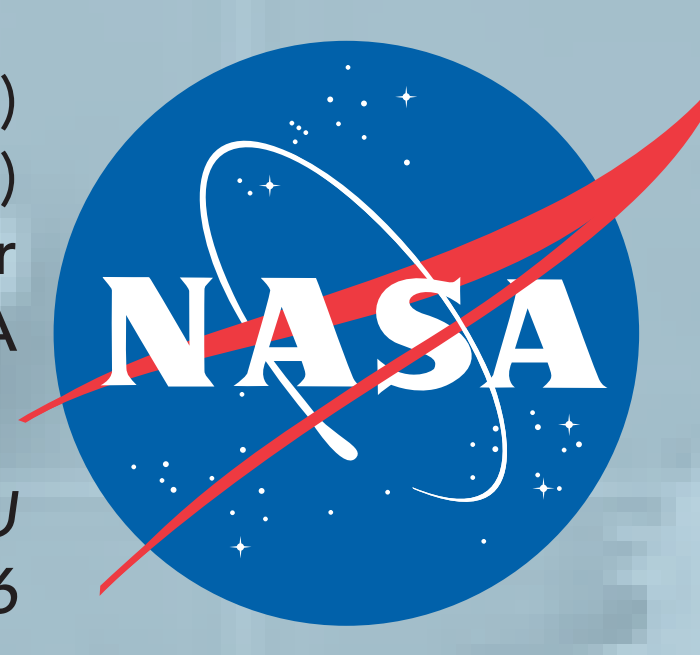


G41B-1013 CDDIS: NASA's Archive of Space Geodesy Data and Products Supporting GGOS

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Abstract: The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS) supports data archiving and distribution activities for the space geodesy and geodynamics community. The main objectives of the system are to store space geodesy and geodynamics related data and products in a central archive, to maintain information about the archival of these data, to disseminate these data and information in a timely manner to a global scientific research community, and provide user based tools for the exploration and use of the archive. The CDDIS data system and its archive is a key component in several of the geometric services within the International Association of Geodesy (IAG) and its observing system the Global Geodetic Observing System (GGOS), including the IGS, the International DORIS Service (IDS), the International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS), the International VLBI Service for Geodesy and Astrometry (IVS), and the International Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS). The CDDIS provides on-line access to over 17 Tbytes of data and derived products in support of the IAG services and GGOS. The system's archive continues to grow and improve as new activities are supported and enhancements are implemented. Recently, the CDDIS has established a real-time streaming capability for GNSS data and products. Furthermore, enhancements to metadata describing the contents of the archive have been developed to facilitate data discovery. This poster will provide a review of the improvements in the system infrastructure that CDDIS has made over the past year for the geodetic community and describe future plans for the system.

Crustal Dynamics Data Information System

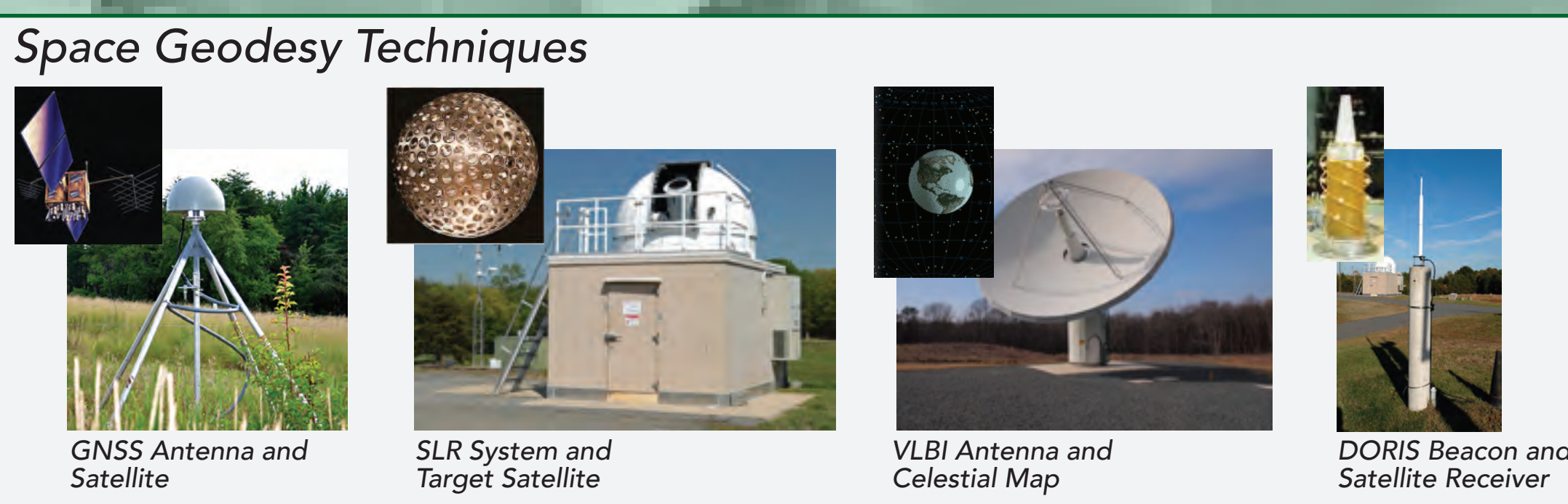
Background:

- The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS) is NASA's active archive of space geodesy data, products, and information (Global Navigation Satellite System/GNSS, Satellite Laser Ranging/SLR, Very Long Baseline Interferometry/VLBI, and Doppler Orbitography and Radio-positioning Integrated by Satellite/DORIS).
- The CDDIS is funded by NASA/ESDIS but cooperates extensively with the international community.
- The largest CDDIS user community comes from the services within the International Association of Geodesy (IAG).
- The contents of the CDDIS archive are utilized for geodetic studies, e.g., plate tectonics, earthquake displacements, Earth orientation, Earth's surface deformation, Earth's gravity field, etc.
- The CDDIS archive also plays an interdisciplinary role in supporting the derivation of a Terrestrial Reference Frame (the foundation for virtually all airborne, space-based and ground-based Earth observations), precise orbit determination (POD) for NASA/international missions, atmospheric studies, etc.

Archive Contents:

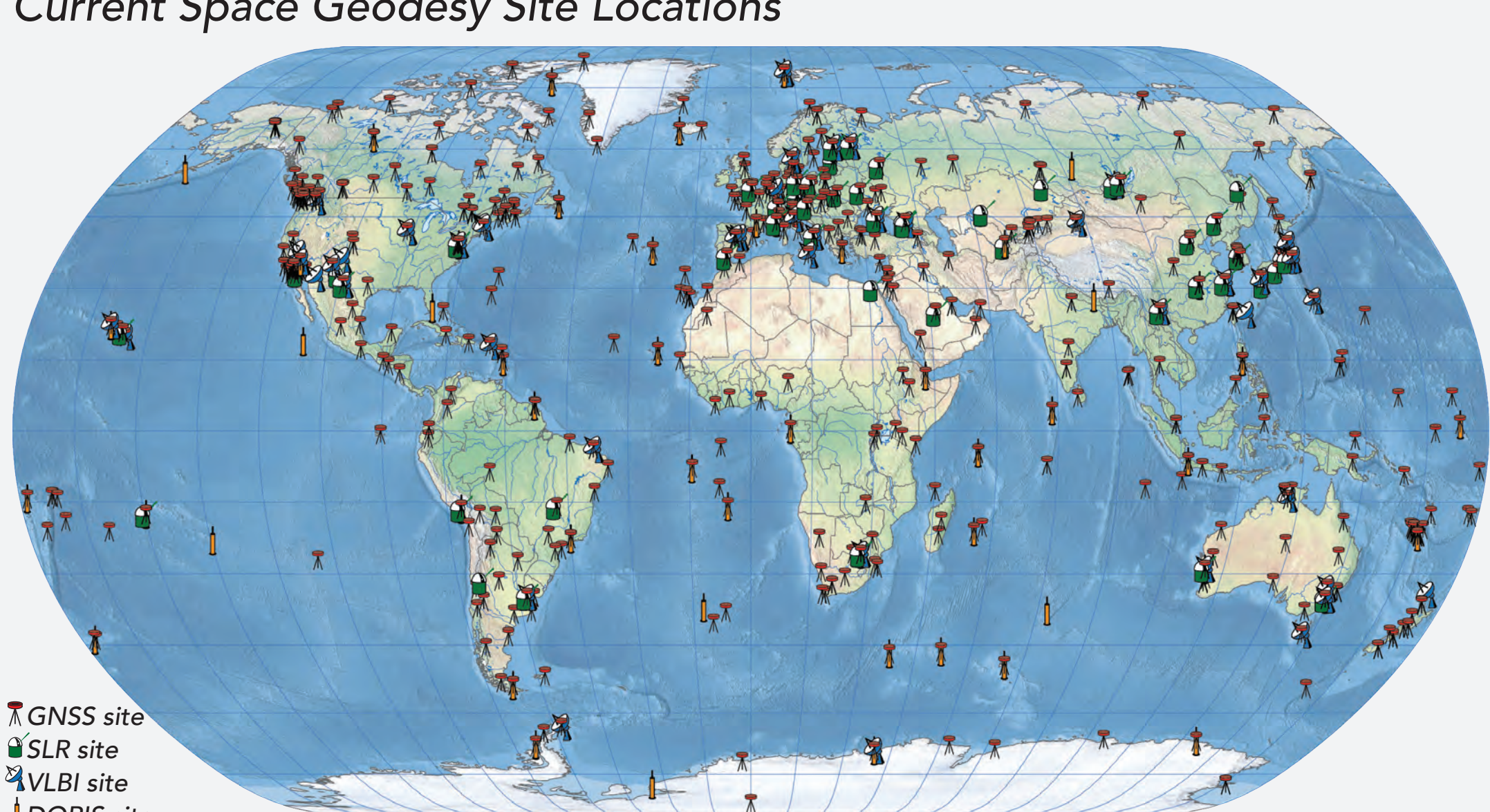
- Data:**
 - Stations in the GNSS, SLR/LLR, VLBI, and DORIS networks generate point data on a multi-day, daily, hourly, and/or sub-hourly basis
 - GNSS: 585+ sites tracking GPS, GLONASS, and new GNSS (Galileo, QZSS, Beidou, IRNSS)
 - Laser Ranging (SLR and LLR): ~40 sites tracking 90+ satellites (including the Moon)
 - VLBI: 45 sites
 - DORIS: 58 sites tracking 6 satellites
- Products:**
 - Precise network station positions (for ITRF)
 - Satellite orbits (for POD)
 - Station and satellite clocks (for timing)
 - Earth rotation parameters
 - Positions of celestial objects (for CRF)
 - Atmospheric parameters (ionosphere TEC, troposphere ZPD) ...
- Metadata information:**
 - Non-standard metadata, data type specific
 - Extracted from incoming files
 - Internal access to metadata database

Space Geodesy Techniques



All systems located at NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt MD

Current Space Geodesy Site Locations



Archive Statistics:

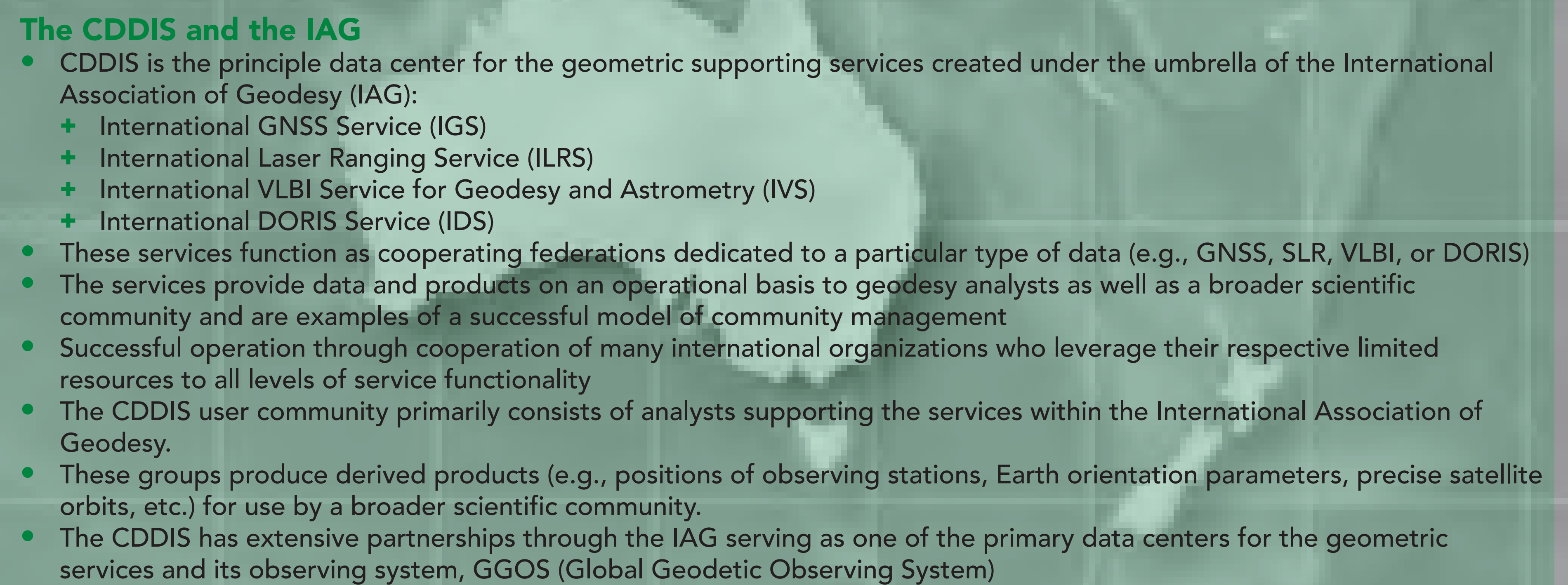
- File size is typically <2Mb/data "granule", <10Mb/derived product "granule"
- Archive size: ~17.5TB/190M files
- Ingest rate: ~9GB (100K files)/day
- Distribution rate: ~500GB (~4M files)/day
- Data (L1, L1B), products (L2) derived from these data, and information about data and products
- Multi-day, daily, hourly, sub-hourly
- Varying latencies (minutes, hours, days)

Archive Usage:

- The CDDIS contains data and derived products from over 1500 observing sites located at about 1000 locations around the world, going back in time as far as 1975.
- The archive is updated with new data/product files on varying time scales, dependent on the data type, from a sub-daily basis to weekly basis.
- Users require continuous access to data for generation of products on pre-determined schedules.
- The average user of the CDDIS accesses the contents of the archive through anonymous ftp by means of automated scripts executed on predefined schedules (typically sub-daily).
- Analysts can use this method for data transfer because they are familiar with the structure of the online archive and thus know what files they require, their availability schedule, and where to find them within the online structure

The CDDIS and the IAG

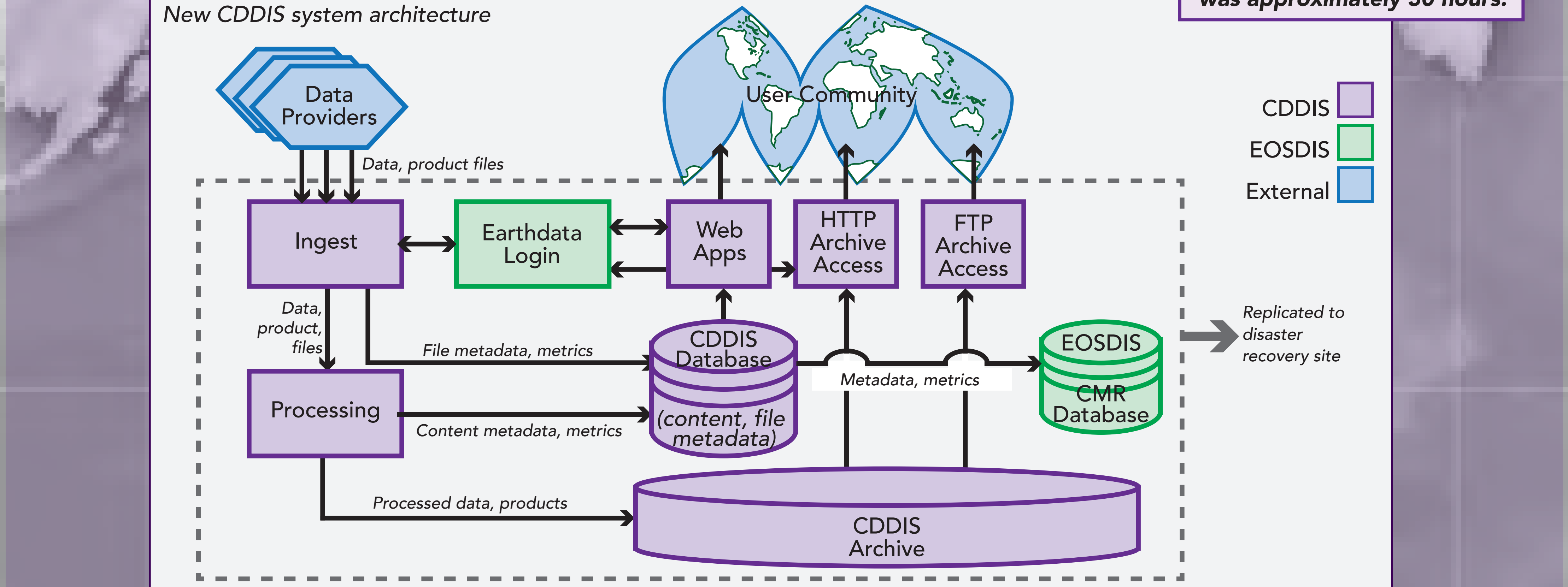
- CDDIS is the principle data center for the geometric supporting services created under the umbrella of the International Association of Geodesy (IAG):
 - International GNSS Service (IGS)
 - International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS)
 - International VLBI Service for Geodesy and Astrometry (IVS)
 - International DORIS Service (IDS)
- These services function as cooperating federations dedicated to a particular type of data (e.g., GNSS, SLR, VLBI, or DORIS)
- The services provide data and products on an operational basis to geodesy analysts as well as a broader scientific community and are examples of a successful model of community management
- Successful operation through cooperation of many international organizations who leverage their respective limited resources to all levels of service functionality
- The CDDIS user community primarily consists of analysts supporting the services within the International Association of Geodesy.
- These groups produce derived products (e.g., positions of observing stations, Earth orientation parameters, precise satellite orbits, etc.) for use by a broader scientific community.
- The CDDIS has extensive partnerships through the IAG serving as one of the primary data centers for the geometric services and its observing system, GGOS (Global Geodetic Observing System)



What's New?

System Facilities/Architecture Improvements:

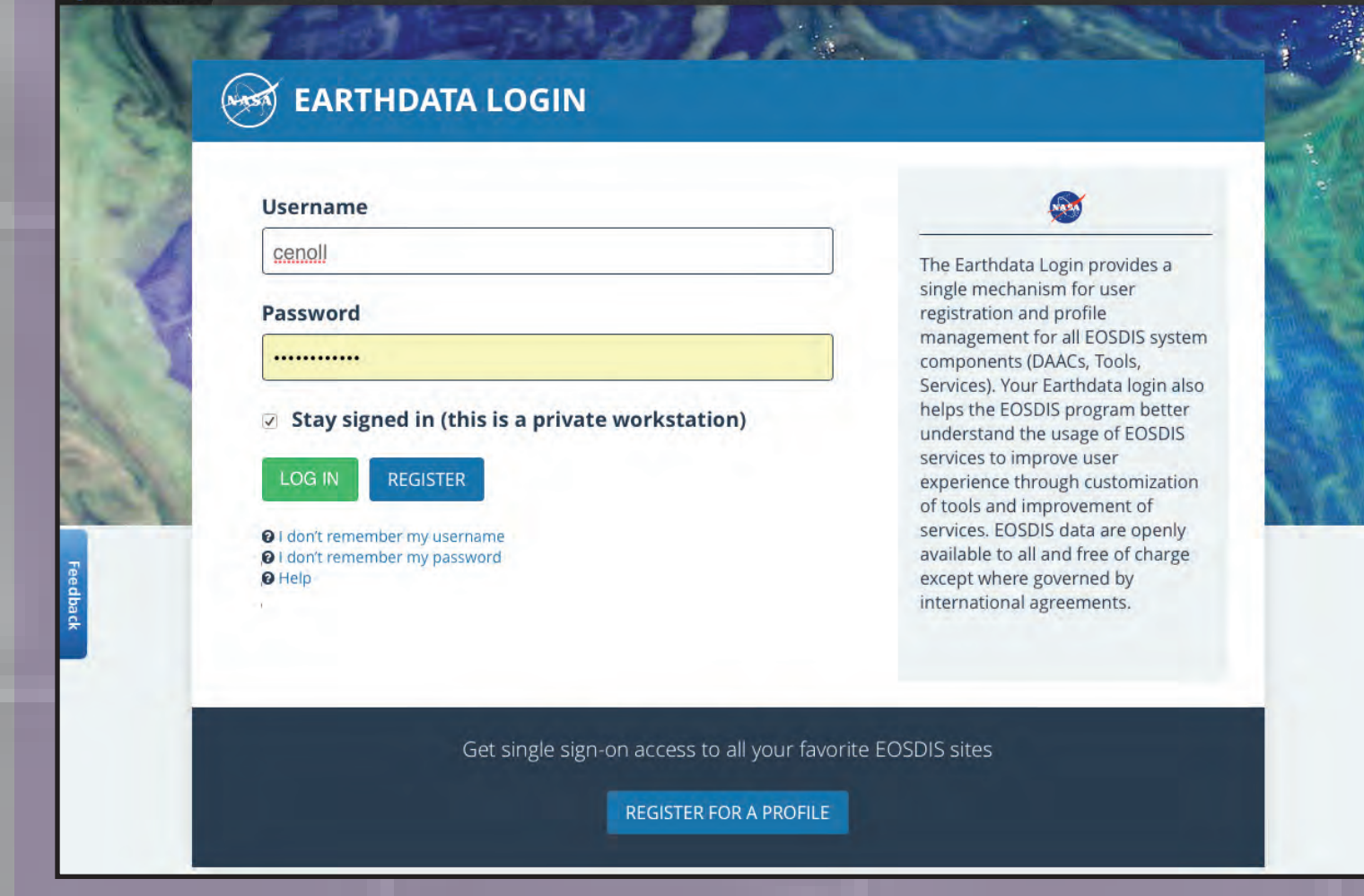
- Over the past 7 years CDDIS has experienced double-digit growth culminating in over 1.2B downloads and over 130Tb of data transferred in 2015
- On track to exceed 1.5B files and 180Tb in 2016
- Upgraded hardware procured and installed in new location providing better infrastructure (power, network connectivity, etc.)
- IT infrastructure designed for 4 "nines" uptime
- Multiple redundant 40Gb networks directly connected to the Internet
- New system implemented with virtual machine architecture for reliability and expandability
- Both production and disaster recovery (DR) systems located at different buildings at GSFC
- Unified storage across both production and DR systems
- File processing software re-designed for more efficient operations and additional QC



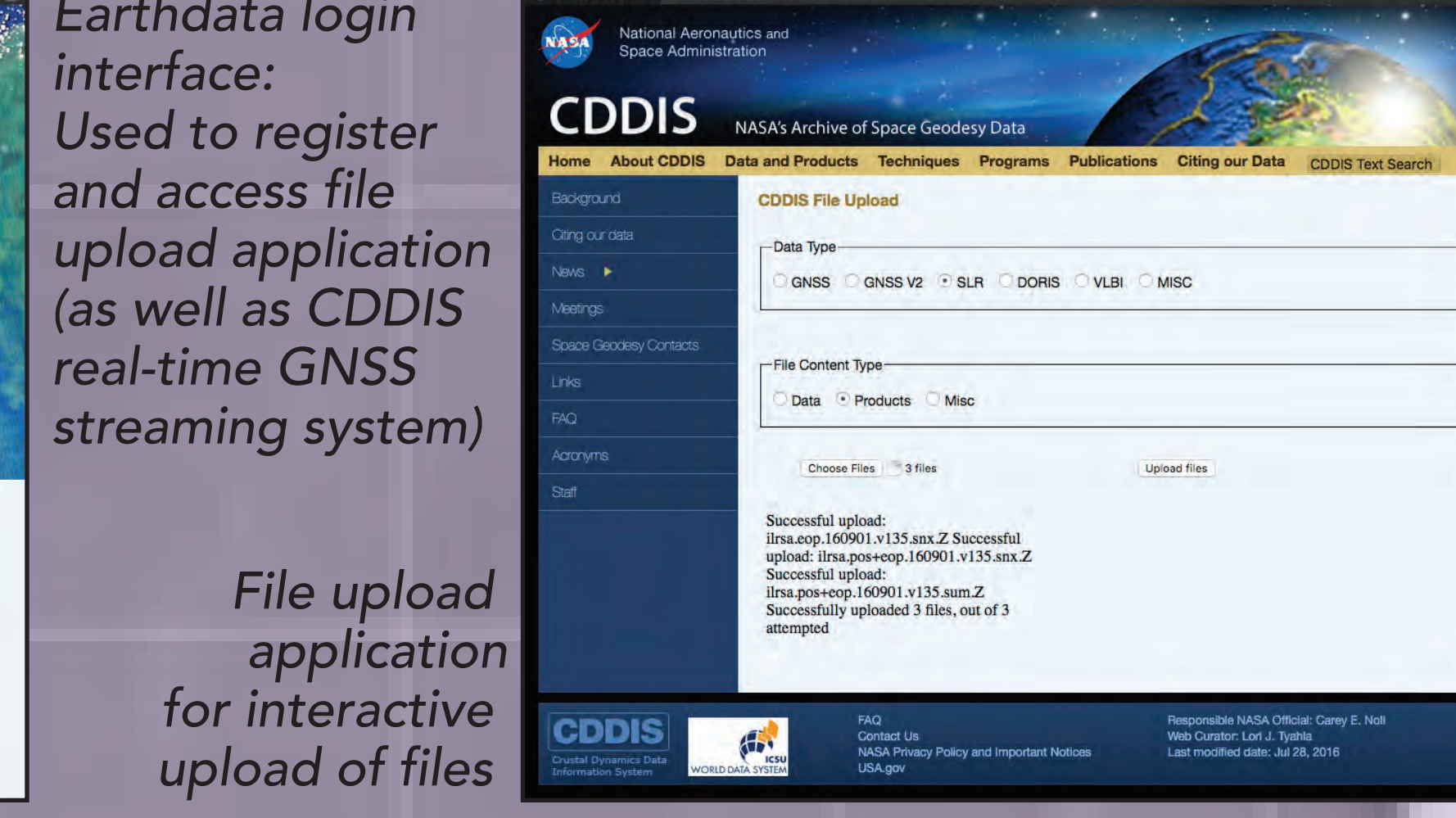
New File Upload Procedure:

- Because of NASA security restrictions, CDDIS can no longer use non-secure FTP for file uploads from data providers
- New, upgraded system was designed to use HTTP protocol for file upload
- Implemented both web and command line interfaces
- Web interface for simple, interactive uploads
- Command interface for bulk uploads and scripting; users can make simple modifications to existing scripts for uploads to the new system
- cURL is the supported program for command line access but any program that can do HTTP GET and POST is usable
- Sample code (Java, bash) provided for bulk uploading and scripting
- New system uses EOSDIS Earthdata login
- Users must first register with EOSDIS to obtain a user ID for access to upload system
- For more information: http://cddis.gsfc.nasa.gov/Data_and_Derived_Products/CDDIS_File_Upload_Documentation.html

Earthdata login interface: Used to register and access file upload application (as well as CDDIS real-time GNSS streaming system)



File upload application for interactive upload of files



Command line program example using cURL for scripted uploads

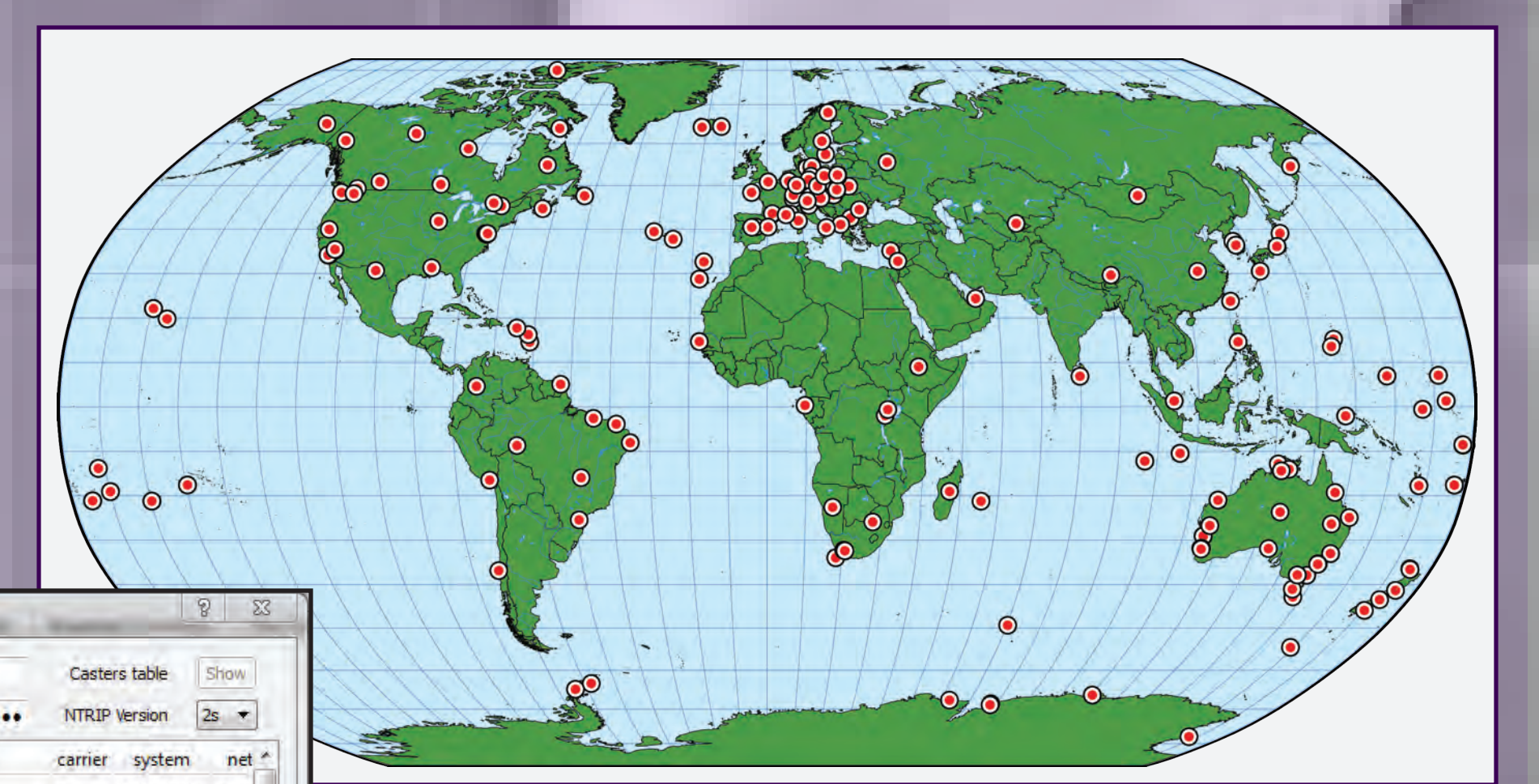
```

[~/home/user]$ curl -c urs_cookies -n -L http://depot.cddis.eosdis.nasa.gov/CDDIS_FileUpload/login/
[~/home/user]$ curl -X POST -b urs_cookies -F "contentType=products" -F "fileContent=urs_cookies" -F "file"=@urs_cookies http://depot.cddis.eosdis.nasa.gov/CDDIS_FileUpload/upload/
Successful upload:
ilrsa_eop_160901_v135_snx.z
Successfully uploaded 1 files, out of 1 attempted
    
```

Real-Time GNSS Distribution:

- CDDIS now operationally streaming real-time GNSS data and derived products in support of the IGS Real-Time Service (RTS)
- One of three real-time "casters"
- Data from over 250 global sites and 30 derived product streams
- Expanding to include additional streams
- Real-time system also uses EOSDIS Earthdata login
- Users must first register with EOSDIS to obtain a user ID for access to real-time GNSS caster

Sites streaming real-time GNSS data thru CDDIS caster



List of real-time GNSS data, product streams available thru CDDIS caster

Caster host	id	name	format	status	system	net	
1	ADH01	Abu Dhabi	RTCM 3.0	190401101020	2	GPS-GLO_Med	
2	ADSO	Abuja, Abuja	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS-GLO_30S
3	AIAC0	Ajaccio	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS-GLO_30S
4	ALBH0	Albert Heek	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS_30S
5	ALGO0	Algeciras	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS_30S
6	ALIC0	Alice Springs	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS-GLO_30S
7	AUC00	Auckland	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS-GLO_30S
8	BDEL0	Bahrain	RTCM 3.0	190401100600	10010101020	2	GPS-GLO_AUS

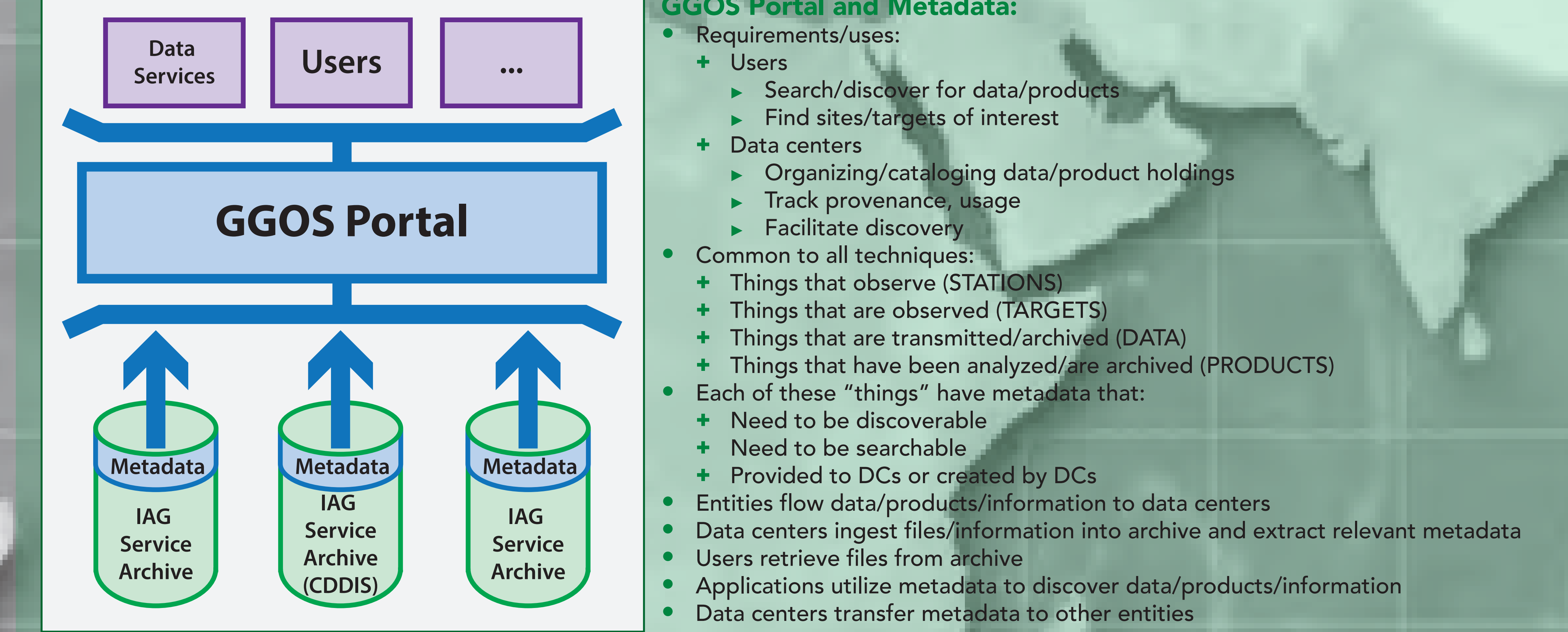
Supporting GGOS: Metadata

Metadata Developments at CDDIS:

- To aid in the search and discovery process, data must be organized and catalogued
- Thus, accurate, complete, and consistent metadata (data about data) is a requirement for efficient accessibility
- Metadata describe data attributes:
 - Data acquisition
 - Information about the target
 - Information about the station
 - Data quality
 - Completeness of the data
 - Gaps in data set
 - Characteristics that affect reliability of data
 - Data lineage
 - Provenance
 - Processing input
 - Tracking data through transformations/analysis/interpretations
- Non-standard metadata, data type (GNSS, SLR, VLBI, DORIS) specific, extracted from incoming files (granules)
- CDDIS currently updating collection and granule level metadata to satisfy EOSDIS requirements
- CDDIS is an EOSDIS DAAC
- EOSDIS implementing a "Common Metadata Repository" (CMR)
- Single source of unified, high-quality, high-performance, and reliable Earth Science metadata
- Metadata can be discovered and accessed through programmatic interfaces leveraging standard protocols and APIs
- CDDIS modifying existing metadata to develop relationships with EOSDIS required metadata

Categories of CDDIS metadata:

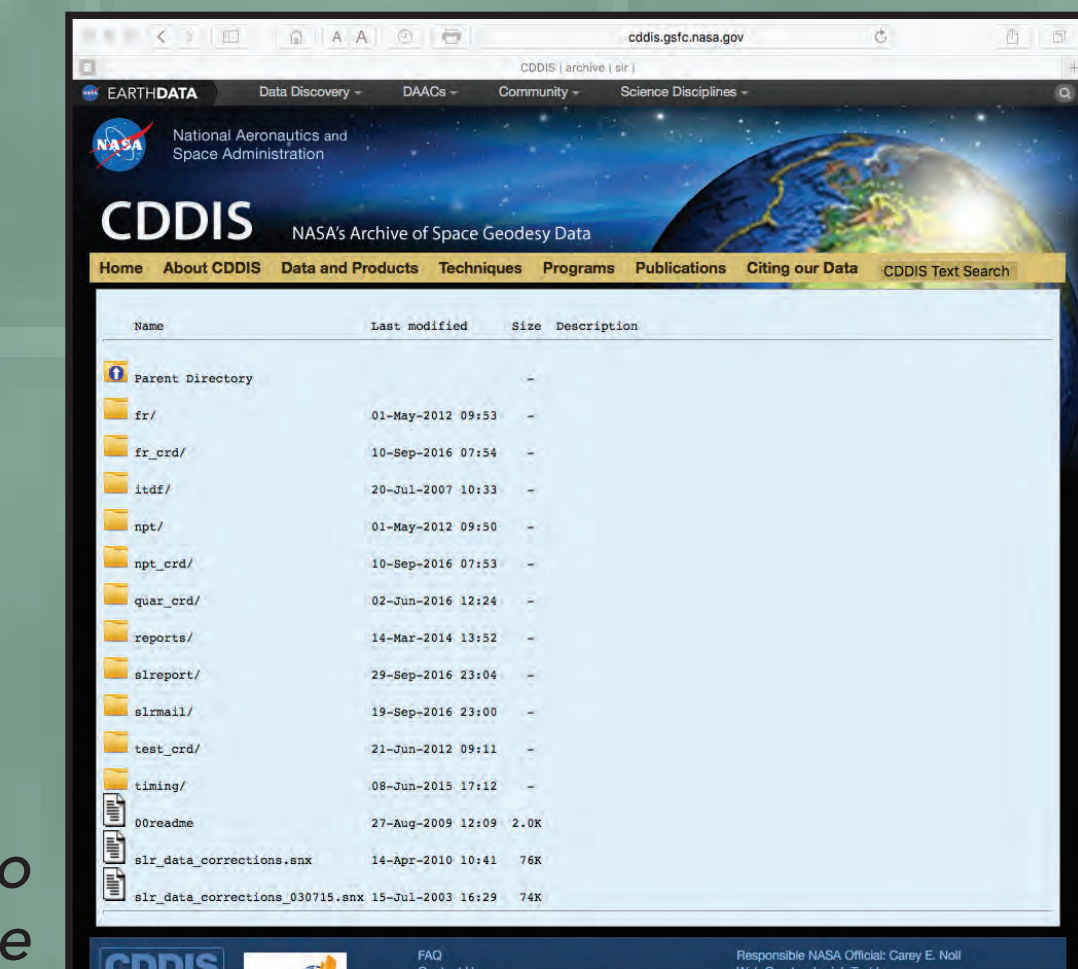
- File (granule) content (data and derived products)
- File (granule) information (size, source, etc.)
- Site information
- Target information



What's Up Next?

- All web activities will transition fall 2016 to HTTPS per U.S. government policy
- HTTPS access to CDDIS archive
- Archives and users continue to move away from using FTP
- Therefore, CDDIS will implement access to its full archive through HTTP
- HTTPS access will continue to use same structure as provided through FTP
- HTTPS access is as efficient as FTP transfer without the firewall/router issues of FTP
- Earthdata login (see left and above) will be used for access through HTTPS
- FTP access to CDDIS archive will continue but users are encouraged to explore HTTPS capabilities
- Improvements to CDDIS Site Log Viewer
 - Automated ingest to reflect site log updates
 - Link metadata to other applications
- Improvements to CDDIS operations
 - Streamlining archive operations across data types
 - Improved metadata for archive operations and data discovery

https interface to CDDIS archive



Data and products are acquired as part of NASA's Earth Science Data Systems and archived and distributed by the Crustal Dynamics Data Information System (CDDIS):
 C. Noll, The Crustal Dynamics Data Information System: A resource to support scientific analysis using space geodesy, *Advances in Space Research*, Volume 45, Issue 12, 15 June 2010, Pages 1421-1440, ISSN 0273-1177, DOI: 10.1016/j.asr.2010.01.018.
 The staff welcomes feedback on the CDDIS and in particular the ideas expressed in this poster; contact Carey Noll (Carey.Noll@nasa.gov)

